

#### AMERICAN MANGANESE INC.

A Critical Metal Company Focusing on Recycling Lithium Ion Electric Vehicle Batteries

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TSX-V: AMY | OTC US: AMYZF | FSE: 2AM

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#### LARRY W. REAUGH

President and CEO of American Manganese Inc. 1998 – Present

- □ 55+ years of mining industry experience
- President & CEO of several exploration, development, and production companies
- 12 years in internet and technology companies listed on the TSX, TSX Venture and NASDAQ exchanges
- Made several significant resource discoveries, three of which went on to be producing mines
- □ Raised \$300 million for junior resource mining companies
- □ \$25 million dollars raised for AMY over the past 18 years



## DIRECTORS



Larry W. Reaugh President & CEO, Director



Andris Kikauka P.Geo, Director



Norman L. Tribe B.A.Sc., P.Eng., Director



Kurt Lageschulte Director



Ed Skoda Director



Jan Eigenhuis Director

Shaheem Ali

Teresa Piorun





Zarko Meseldzija

Senior Corporate Officer

**BBA**, Chief Financial Officer

Zarko Meseldzija Chief Technical Officer

### ADVISORS





Shailesh Upreti Advisory Board



David Langtry Technical Advisor



Dan McGroarty Strategic Advisor



James J. Hahn Strategic Advisor



#### SHARE STRUCTURE - September 11, 2018



Market Cap – \$28.2 Million

Issued and Outstanding Shares – 166 Million \*25 million shares held by insiders

Warrants and Options Outstanding – 36 Million

TSX.V: AMY | OTC US: AMYZF | FSE: 2AM





#### CORPORATE OBJECTIVE

A diversified critical metals company focusing on recycling lithium-ion electric vehicle batteries

#### CORPORATE STRATEGY

To recycle valuable cathode metals for the global lithium electric vehicle battery industry

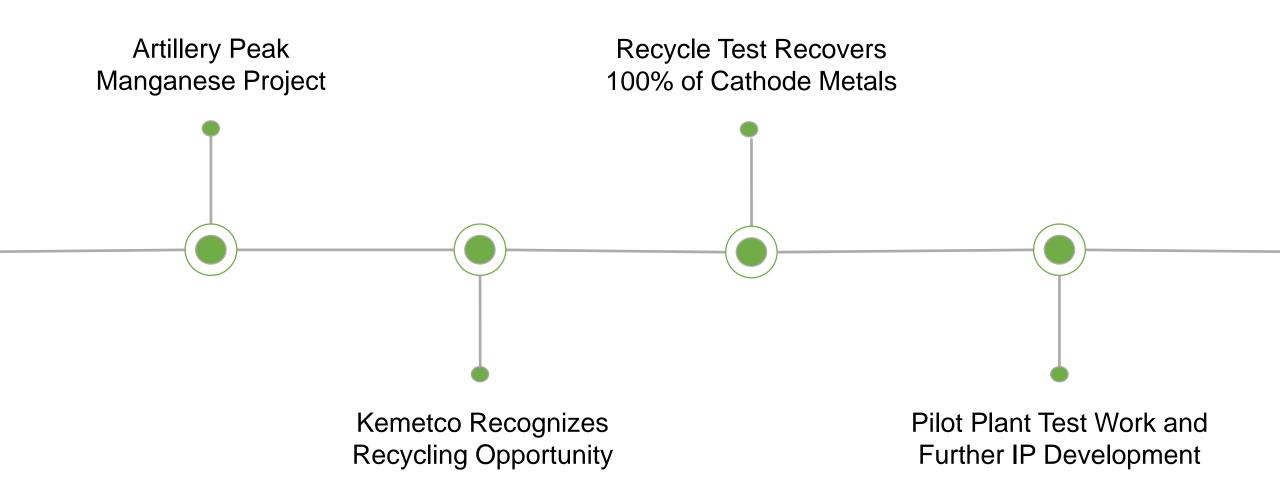
#### THE RESULT

Clean, sustainable, robust and efficient recycling alternative compared to existing methods



### TECHNOLOGY TIMELINE







#### ARTILLERY PEAK PILOT PLANT





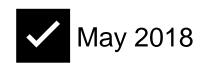


PATENT



✓ November 2017

Patent Application **Submitted** For Lithium-ion Battery Recycling Process and Recovery of Cathode Materials



Patent Application **Published** And Still Under Patent Pending Protection in 152 Countries and Jurisdictions (Publication No. WO2018/089595)



Received The First Office Action From The US Patent And Trademark Office Indicating That **All Drawings Have Been Accepted** And Claims 1 – 70 (All Claims In The Application) Appear To Be Allowable Over The Cited Prior Art Of Record



**Patent Granted** 

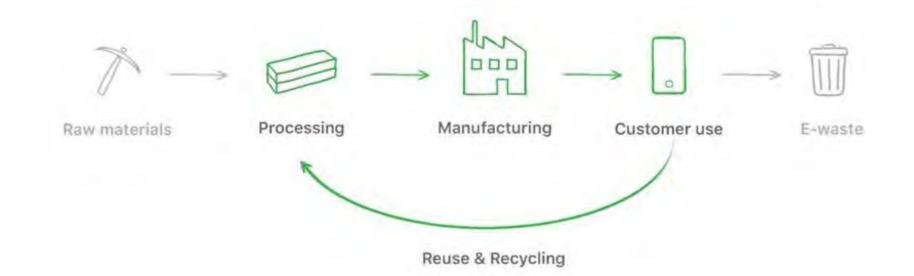


### THE OPPORTUNITY



Recycling Of Spent Batteries Is A **Certainty** Thanks To Increasing Regulations Around The World:

**China** Legislated That EV Manufacturers Come Up With Feasible **Recycling Programs**  European Union Set Timelines For Battery Manufacturers To Recycle Spent Lithium Ion Batteries Canada Has 3 Provinces With Mandatory Recycling Programs





### CURRENT OPTIONS





Pyrometallurgy (Burning in Smelter)

Landfill Storage



### UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE ORDER



#### "Ensure and Secure a Reliable Supply of Critical Minerals"

The United States is currently **import-dependent** for:

More than 50% of its

annual lithium needs

74% of its cobalt

**100%** of its **manganese** and **graphite** 



# ELECTRIC VEHICLE REVOLUTION



A Projected 125 Million EVs On The

Roads By 2030

- International Energy Agency

"EVs will outpace gasoline powered vehicles in two decade" – Morgan Stanley

LCIG WPV

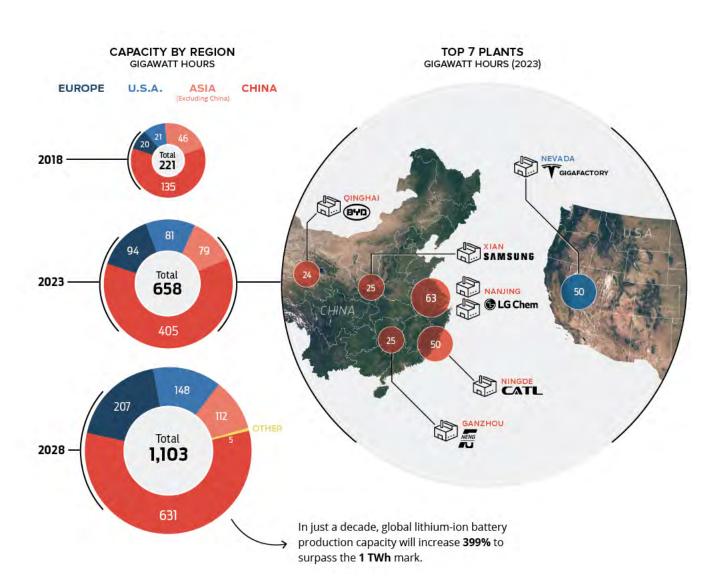
"\$90 Billion in Investments were Pledged into EVs & Batteries by Global Auto Manufacturers"
CleanTechnica

YL65 HXA



#### BATTERY PRODUCTION



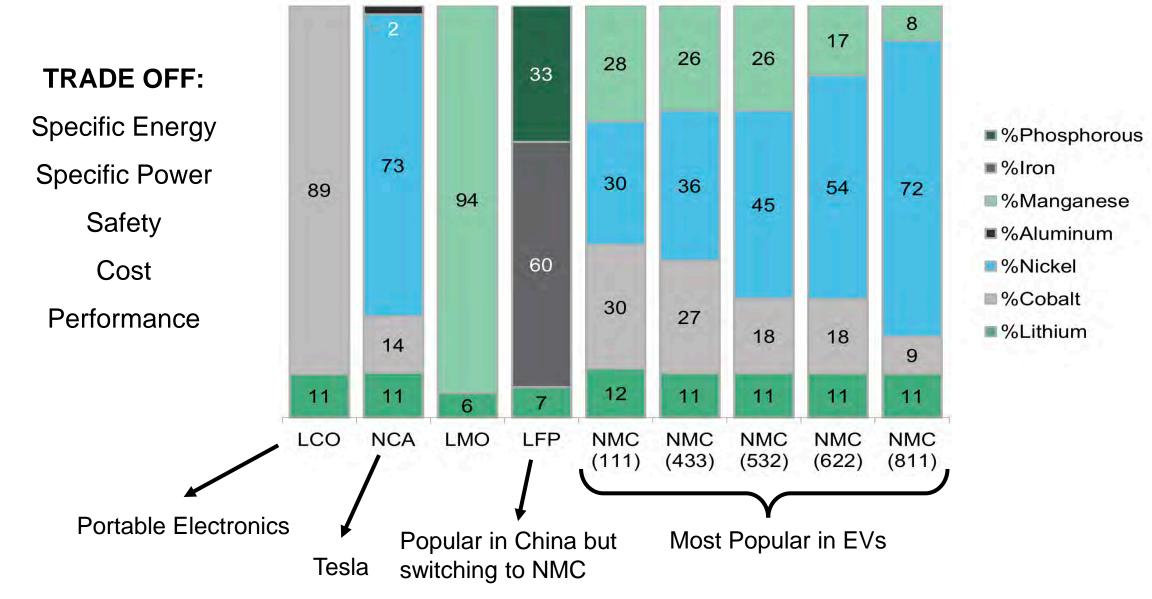


1 GWh of NMC-622 Requires a Combined 1200 Tonnes of Cobalt, Lithium, Nickel, and Manganese Valued at \$25 Million



## BATTERY CHEMISTRIES

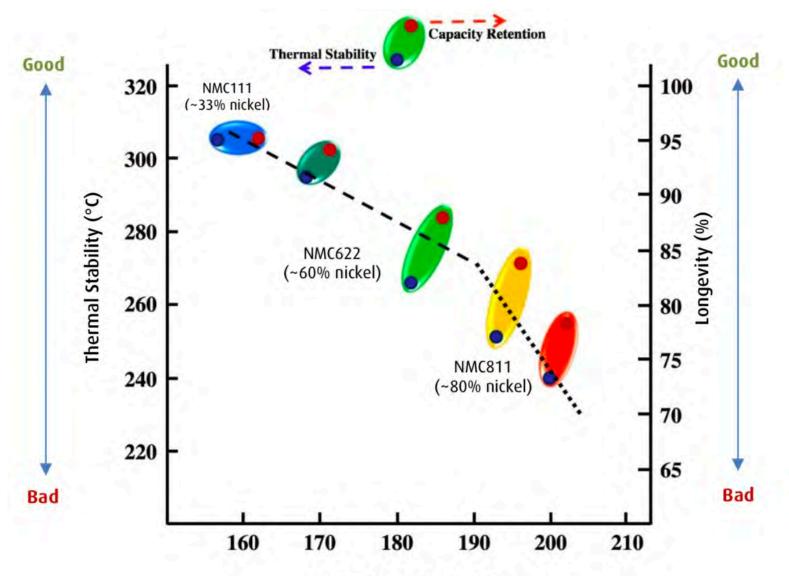






#### NMC BATTERY





Energy Storage (Range)



#### COBALT



	Mine Production (2	2017)
1. Congo		64,000
2. Russia	5,600	1.00
3. Australia	5,000	
4. Canada	4,300	
5. Cuba	4,200	
6. Philippines	4,000	
7. Madagascar	3,800	
8. New Guinea	3,200	
9. Zambia	2,900	
10. New Caledonia	2,800	
United States	650	
Other	8,400	

64,000			
	250,00	0	
		1.2M	

1.2M 250,000 500,000 280,000 150,000 51,000 270,000 NA 23,000

589,000

**Economically Viable Reserves** 

3.5M

#### Rechargeable Batteries Constitute 55% of Global Cobalt Demand



# LITHIUM



Lithium demand projected to increase

by **650%** by 2027

4 Years on average to Develop a Lithium Brine Deposit and Another 3-4 Years to Reach Full Capacity Source: Baystreet







# 62.4%

#### NICKEL LATERITES

Low grade, bulk-tonnage. Found in Indonesia, Cuba, Philippines, and New Caledonia.

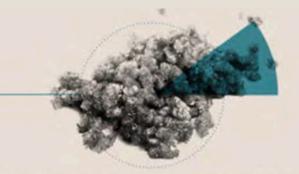
Typical Products include Nickel pig iron and Ferronickel.

# 37.5%

#### **NICKEL SULPHIDES**

High grade, but rare. Found in North America, Australia, China, Russia, and Greenland.

Typical Products include Nickel metal and Nickel sulfate.



Nickel sulfate is a blue salt used primarily for electroplating and lithium-ion cathode material

Less than 10% of nickel supply is in sulfate form, and not all of that is battery grade.

# Nickel pig iron and ferronickel are used as cheap

Nickel pig iron and ferronickel are used as cheap inputs mainly to make Chinese stainless steel.

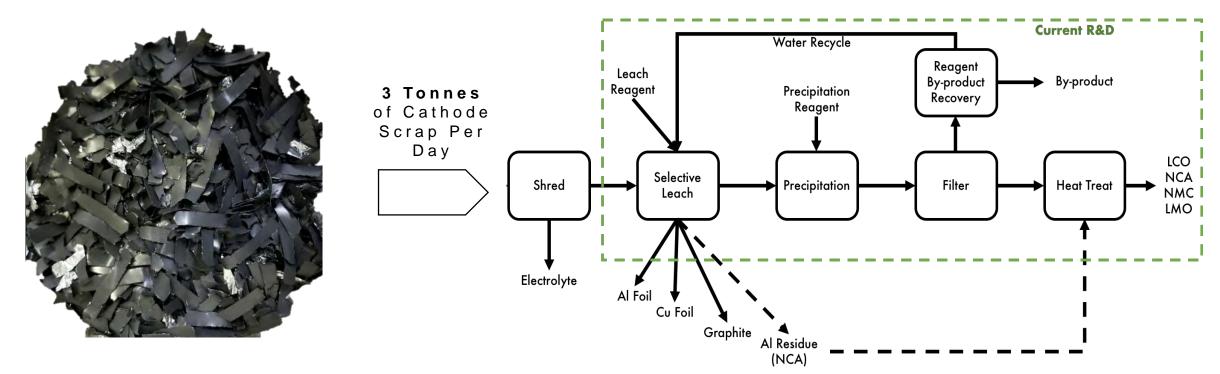
Steel is the most important market for nickel use.



#### DEMONSTRATION PLANT FINANCIAL MODEL (AS OF COMMODITY PRICES ON AUGUST 21, 2018)







Potential Battery Chemistries:

LCO NMC-111 NMC-622 NMC-811 NCA Demonstration Plant (Estimated CAPEX = US\$ 10M)



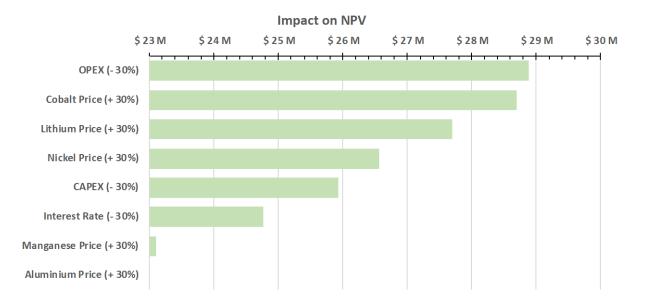
#### PRO FORMA DEMONSTRATION PLANT FOR NMC-622 (AS OF COMMODITY PRICES ON AUGUST 21, 2018)



Metal	Market Price (USD/kg)	NMC622 (kg)	Total (USD)
Lithium Carbonate	\$17.00	1,143	\$7.1 M
Cobalt	\$64.50	365	\$8.59 M
Nickel	\$13.60	1,090	\$5.41 M
Manganese	\$2.03	340	\$.25 M
Aluminium	\$2.02	0	\$.0 M
<b>Total Annual Revenue</b>			\$21.35 M

es	
\$1.07 M	
\$3.26 M	
\$0.13 M	
\$2.13 M	
\$0.53 M	
\$0.18 M	
\$0.68 M	
\$7.98 M	
\$13.36 M	
63%	

Interest Rate	10	%
Period	Cashflow	Balance
Year O	\$ (10.0)M	\$ (10.0)M
Year 1	\$ 13.4 M	\$ 3.4 M
Year 2	\$ 13.4 M	\$ 16.7 M
Year 3	\$ 13.4 M	\$ 30.1 M
NPV	Payback	IRR
\$23.23 M	9 Months	121%





#### DEMONSTRATION PLANT OPERATING EXPENSES



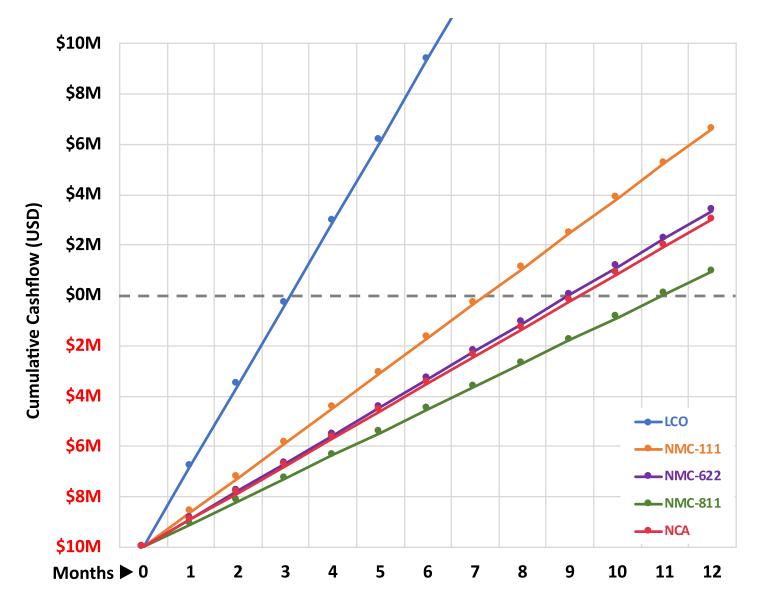
Expense	Estimation
Reagents	Derived from the quantity of reagents used to process 3 tonnes of cathode material multiplied by the cost of the reagents.
	The same composition of reagents is used for all battery chemistries shown.
Labour and Maintenance	Three shifts of four plant operators working an 8-hour shift and operating 24 hours/day at a rate of \$45/hour.
	An office administrator, an accountant, shipping and receiving, an assistant manager, and a manager working an 8-hour shift at a rate of \$45/hour. Plus an additional \$3,168 for G&A.
	Maintenance includes three 8-hour shifts of one maintenance personnel at a rate of \$60/hr.
Feed Material Delivered	10% of the total cathode value.
Building and Utilities	The building rent and utility costs were estimated for a 15,000 ft <sup>2</sup> facility, that would be located in the greater Vancouver area.
	Utility costs are extrapolated from current rates being used in the lab testing.
Shipping and Packaging	Received a quote for shipping and packaging two 20-tonne loads of the processed cathode material across Canada every week.

NOTE: The third party and contract company, Kemetco Research, is experienced in successfully designing and installing dozens of similar sized facilities and using similar reagents. They have helped provide most of the estimates for CAPEX and OPEX.



#### DEMONSTRATION PLANT PAYBACK PERIOD

(AS OF COMMODITY PRICES ON AUGUST 21, 2018)







### COMPETITORS



	PROOF OF CONCEPT	PATENTS	RECON	/ERIES	*RECOVERY METHOD
AMERICAN		Patent Published	COBALT	LITHIUM	
SURREY, B.C. CANADA	May 17, 2018 Publication No. W02018/089595	100%	100%	Hydro Metallurgy	
RETRIEVE TECHNOLOGIES	Completed	Not Found	Small Amount Not Recovered	Not Recovered	Hydro Metallurgy
WORCESTER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE (BATTERY RESOURCES	Completed	US Patent Application Applied for: November 22, 2016	Not Reported	Not Reported	Hydro Metallurgy
INTERNATIONAL ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY MALAYSIA	Completed	Not Found	< 25%	< 50%	Hydro Metallurgy Plus High Cost Calcining
NEOMETALS LTD.	Completed	Patent Pending	99.2%	Not Reported	Hydro Metallurgy
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SAN DIEGO	Completed	Not found	Not Reported	Not Reported	Heat Treating
UMICORE	Current Method of Disposal of Most Batteries	Not Patentable	40 - 70% Not Reusable in Batteries	Nil	High Cost of Smelting 'Not Environmentally Responsible'

\*Management & Kemetco's Examination of recycling and Hydro Metallurgy of our competitors has shown no overlapping chemistries with our Technology. American Manganese's process strongly suggests leadership in the Competing Technologies



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